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Lyrosoma ituropense HLISNIKOVSKÝ (Coleoptera, Agyrtidae)
from Hokkaido, North Japan

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The genus *Lyrosoma* of the family Agyrtidae is a relatively small genus represented by eight known species, which inhabit the Pacific coast of the northern cool-temperate zone. In the Japanese Islands, *Lyrosoma chujoi* MROCKOWSKI has been known from northeastern Honshu and Hokkaido, Northeast Japan. Recently, I have found that my collection contains two different species. One of the two agrees with *L. chujoi*, and the other is almost identical with *L. ituropense* HLISNIKOVSKÝ, which is recorded below.

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Lyrosoma ituropense HLISNIKOVSKÝ, 1964

[Japanese name: Etorofu-hososhidemushi]

Lyrosoma ituropense HLISNIKOVSKÝ, 1964, Čas. čs. Spol. ent., Praha, **61**, pp. 40–42, fig. 2 (female); type lo-



Fig. 1. Habitat of two *Lyrosoma* species at Tachimachi-misaki of Hakodate-shi, SW Hokkaido.

cality: Iturop (=Iturup) Island, Kuril Islands. —— LAFER, 1989, Opred. Nasek. Dal'nego Vostoka SSSR, **3** (1), p. 335, figs. 204, 10–11.

Lyrosoma ituropi HLISNIKOVSKÝ, 1962, Folia ent. hung., (s. n.), **15**, p. 460 (nom. nud.).

Lyrosoma ituropoi [sic]: KUROSAWA, 1985, Coleopt. Japan Col., Osaka, **2**, p. 252.

Lyrosoma chujoi: NISHIKAWA, 1986, Coleopt. News, Tokyo, (74), pp. 1–3, figs. 3 a–c, 4 b, d, 6 c, d (partim). [Nec MROCZKOWSKI, 1959.]

Specimens examined. 1 ♂, 1 ♀, Oshidomari, Rishiri-tō Is., N Hokkaido, 30–VI–1970, R. TERADA leg.; 2 ♂♂, 4 ♀♀, Tachimachi-misaki, Hakodate-shi, SW Hokkaido, 4–VI–1994, M. NISHIKAWA leg.

Distribution. Kuril Islands (Iturup Is.); Japan (Rishiri-tō Is., Hokkaido).

Notes. The specimens from Hakodate were found from under decayed seaweeds in the intertidal zone of rocky shores together with *L. chujoi*, many hydrophilid and staphylinid beetles, and other halophilous arthropods (Fig. 1). *Lyrosoma ituropense* was found in coexistence with *L. chujoi* in the same microhabitat. I visited there once again in August of the same year but was unable to find any of the two species.

The distribution of the members of *Lyrosoma* is either endemic or irregularly dispersed or rather limited, from the Pribilof and the Aleutian Islands to the Japanese Islands via the Komandorskie Islands, the Kamchatka Peninsula and the Kuril Islands (cf. ANDERSON & PECK, 1985; LAFER, 1989). Probably, their dispersal across the water gaps seems to be effected by ocean current, not to result from geographical history of each island, as is the case of other halophilous apterous beetles.

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