A New Record of *Thalassoduvalius masidai masidai* S. UÉNO (Coleoptera, Trechinae) from Kanmuri-jima Island, Kyoto Prefecture, Central Japan

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Thalassoduvalius masidai S. UÉNO (1956, p. 65, figs. 1–2) is an oculate trechine beetle though wingless and depigmented. This species is considered to be halophilous, because it primarily inhabits the intertidal areas on the rocky seashore.

In the revision of the genus *Thalassoduvalius* by UÉNO (1978), known populations by then were classified into three subspecies of a single species, *T. masidai*. They were *T. masidai masidai* from Hamada, Shimane Prefecture, western Japan, *T. masidai kurosai* from Uwajima, Ehime Prefecture of Shikoku, western Japan, and *T. masidai pacificus* from the Izu Peninsula and Oh-shima Island of the Izu Islands, both Central Japan. Later, the nominotypical subspecies of *T. masidai* was also discovered from two islands off Kyushu, western Japan: Oki-no-shima Island of the Danjo Islands (UÉNO, 1994).

In the autumn of 1999, two of the authors (KITAYAMA and ARAYA), who were making a faunal survey of endangered animals on Kanmuri-jima Island supported by Kyoto Prefecture, obtained several specimens of *Thalassoduvalius* at the eastern coast of the island. After a careful examination, these specimens were identified with *T. masidai masidai*. This is a new record of the species from Kyoto Prefecture, Central Japan.

On the other hand, so far as we are aware, there has been no additional record of *T. masidai pacificus* since original description. Recently, one of the authors (KITAYAMA) collected many topotypical specimens from the cape of Manazuru, and we also record herewith the recent additional examples of *T. m. pacificus*.

Thalassoduvalius masidai masidai S. Uéno, 1956

Specimens examined. 233, 299, Kanmuri-jima Island on Wakasa Bay, Kyoto Prefecture, Central Japan, 11–IX–1999, K. KITAYAMA & K. ARAYA leg.

Notes. The present new locality is about 300 km east by north of Hamada, the type locality of the nominotypical subspecies, and the easternmost record of this species on the coastal region of the Japan Sea. The four specimens were obtained from beneath a large stone embedded in the clayey talus of coastal cliff. The shape of the male genital organ is perfectly identical with that of *T. masidai masidai* of the type locality.

Hisashi ASHIDA et al.

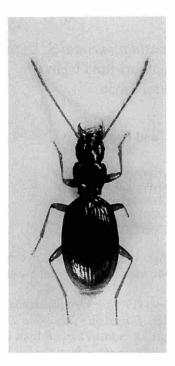


Fig. 1. Thalassoduvalius masidai masidai S. UÉNO, ♀, from Kanmuri-jima Island.

Thalassoduvalius masidai pacificus S. UÉNO, 1978

Additional record. 1133, 1099, the cape of Manazuru, Manazuru-cho, Kanagawa Prefecture, Central Japan, $13 \sim 14 - XII - 1997$, K. KITAYAMA leg.

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